2-Digit Addition

Strategy 3: Partial Sums

We are ready to learn a new addition strategy this week!

Parents: please remember that it is different than how you learned to add but I encourage you to follow the strategies that I am introducing to allow your child to see what is happening when numbers are added which gives them a better overall understanding. Also, this is how they will see it done at school next year as well.

For now we are going to continue with numbers that <u>do not involve regrouping</u> (or <u>carrying as the parents learned</u>).

The third addition strategy that we will learn: Partial Sums. This shows how each 2-digit number has some tens and ones. First add the tens, then add the ones, then add those 2 numbers together to get the answer.

I have posted some examples below. If you aren't sure about these examples or have any questions please message me and I'll call you to explain.

Now try some yourself! Get a separate piece of paper and figure out these questions.

16	10	16	44	33
<u>+11</u>	+10	+13	<u>+ 12</u>	<u>+ 15</u>
12	+ 10	17	18	(4
+ 13		<u>+22</u>	+11	<u>+11</u>
30	2	o akc	2	13
+20	<u>+ </u>		<u>+ 2</u>	<u>+ 15</u>
20	15	48	36	22
+20	<u>+ 12</u>	<u>+11</u>	<u>+2 [</u>	<u>+11</u>
64	22	12	73	16
<u>+ 12</u>	+43	+ 15	<u>+ 12</u>	<u>+ 12</u>